

Theatre-Royal.

Sixth Night of Performing.
On SATURDAY Evening, December 15, 1787.
Will be presented, The Comedy of the
WAY TO KEEP HIM.

Mr WOODS;
Mr ARCHER;
Mr CHARTERIS;
Mr J. BLAND;
Mr WILSON.
Mrs BULKELEY;
Mrs WOODS;
Mrs WILSON;
Mrs VILLARS;
Mrs CHARTERIS;
Mrs BROOKS.

To which will be added,
A New Musical Entertainment, called,
GRENA GREEN;

A TRIP TO MARRIAGE.

(With the ORIGINAL MUSIC, &c.)
And a Begging, Poetical, Operatical PROLOGUE, in the
Character of Bayes, by Mr WILSON.

Who performed the Part originally upwards of forty
successful nights.
Captain Tipperary, Mr HALLION;
Lamford, Mr CHARTERIS;
Anvil, Mr J. BLAND;
Poffilion, Mr BLAND, jun.;
And Captain Gorge, Mr BELL.
Miss Plumb, Mrs W. WELLS;
Lady Pedigree, Mrs CHARTERIS;
And Maria, Mrs SPARKS.

Doors to be opened at FIVE, and to begin at a Quarter
after SIX.
Tickets and places for the Boxes taken of Mr GISS, at the
Office of the Theatre.
The Public are most respectfully informed, that
the Theatre will be kept open only Four Nights longer, till
after Christmas.

LEITH HARBOUR.

THE MERCHANTS, SHIP OWNERS, and SHIP-
MASTERS, are requested to meet in the Assembly
Rooms in Leith, on Saturday next the 15th instant, at
twelve o'clock noon, to consider the present state of the
Harbour, and what steps ought to be taken, to get it made a
place of safety for the Shipping.
December 10, 1787.

This Day is Published,
And Sold by W. CREECH at the Crown, and W. COKE,
Leith, Price 3d.

HINTS

For the Improvement of the Harbour of Leith.
Humbly offered to the consideration of the Lord Provost,
Magistrates and Council, the Chamber of Commerce, and
the Traders and Shipowners in Leith.

Collected by the late ALEXANDER STUART, Esq;
of Dunearn.

SEVERAL Gentlemen having expressed their desire that
the remaining Pictures of this Collection should again
be exposed to sale by auction, before they are finally re-
moved to London, notice is hereby given, that they will be ex-
hibited in the Sale Room, Prince's Street, immediately op-
posite to Prince's Street Coffeehouse, on Monday next the
17th of December current. The room will be open from
eleven to three o'clock, and the auction will begin on Wed-
nesday the 19th, at one o'clock precisely.
As the most valuable Pictures are still on hand, and as
they will be allowed to sell at very reduced prices, it is hoped
that the public will pay attention to them.
Catalogues at the Sale Room.

SHERRY WINE.

A Quantity of SHERRY WINE in Butts, to be sold upon
the most moderate terms, by CHARLES COWAN,
Merchant in Leith.

Lemons and Oranges, &c.

JUST now arrived from San Lucar, per the Margaret,
Captain Grey, a quantity of LEMONS, CHINA, and
SEVILLE ORANGES; also, a few Butts Best SHERRY;
and from different other ports, the following goods, viz.
Bell ZANT CURRANTS,
RAISINS of the SUN,
DANTZICK HONEY, and BEES WAX,
VALENTIA ALMONDS.

Likewise, some very fine DUTCH APPLES. TEAS as u-
sual, of the very best qualities, and lowest prices, with a
large and complete assortment of all kinds of Grocery Goods
in Wholesale and Retail. Orders for the above addressed to
ALEX. THOMSON and SON, High Street, Edinburgh,
will be punctually attended to.

JAMES BLACK, SENIOR,

At his Shop, Coal-hill, Leith,
BEGS leave to return his most grateful thanks to his
Friends and the Public, who have so generously coun-
tenanced him hitherto, and now informs them, that he sells
on reasonable terms, Wholesale and Retail, the following
GOODS, viz.
Peterburgh, Dantzick, and American Pearl Ashes.
Dantzick Honey in small Casks.
Black Beer in Kegs.
Dye Stuffs of all kinds.
Zetland Tallow, Ling, and Cod, of an excellent quality.
Ditto Cod Sours, Butter, Oil, and other commodities.
Teas, Sugars, Molasses, and other Groceries.
He also continues to do business on commission, and those
who are pleased to employ him in that line, may depend on
the strictest attention being paid to their interest.
Orders punctually attended to.

To be SET or SOLD,

A Convenient well-finished Lodging
in the north-east end of Chrichton's Street, George's
Square, consisting of a dining room, three bed rooms, sev-
eral closets and presses; a kitchen, two garrets, and a cellar.
Apply to Doctor Henry, Merchant Street, or Mr Alex-
ander, upholsterer, Bristo Street, who will show the lodging.
Not to be repeated.

A BRIDGE TO BUILD.

WHEREAS A BRIDGE is intended to be BUILT over
the RIVER TIVOT, near Kelso, at the Ford oppo-
site to the TRYSTING TREE, or as near it as a foundation
can be found.
Plans and Estimates for building the same, will be receiv-
ed by Mr William Smith, writer in Kelso; and Mr David
Brown, writer in Melrose; to be laid before the Trustees of
the county of Roxburgh.

This Day is published,
By J. ROBERTSON, Fifth-market Close, Edinburgh,
And sold by all the Booksellers,
THE
UNIVERSAL SCOTS ALMANACK,
for the Year 1788.

This Almanack is embellished with
A MAP OF
The Roads of England and Wales,
From the latest Surveys.
The Lists this year are very full, and every possible
attention has been paid to render them correct.
Booksellers in the West Country will be supplied, as usual,
by J. and M. Robertson's, Salt-market, Glasgow.

LEMONS and ORANGES, &c.
JUST arrived from St Lucar, in the Margaret, Robert
Gray, master,
China and Seville Oranges, } in Chells.
And Sherry Wine, } in Butts.
Apply to William Douglas, Quality Street, Leith.

WANTS A PLACE,
In a Gentleman's Family,
A YOUNG WOMAN, who wishes to
take the charge of a child, and instruct her in the
English Language, Needle-Work, &c. Has no objections
to travel or go into the country. Letters post paid, ad-
dressed to A. B. C. at the Printing-Office, will be attended to.

Silk Goods at the Old Prices.
ARCHIBALD GILCHRIST and COMPANY,
HABERDASHERS and LINEN-DRAPERS,
At their Old Warehouse, High Street, Edinburgh.

BEG leave to inform their Friends and the Public, That
one of their partners has just now returned from Lon-
don, and the different manufacturing towns in England,
where he has, with the utmost care and attention, purchased
a very large and elegant assortment of GOODS in the Ha-
berdasher Line; and are happy in having it in their power
to continue selling RIBBONS, MODES, PERSIANS, and
other SILK GOODS, at the Old Prices, and every other ar-
ticle on the most moderate terms.
Archibald Gilchrist and Company beg leave to return
their most sincere and grateful acknowledgments to their
friends and the public for the many favours they have hi-
therto received, and assure them such care and attention
shall be paid to the business as to merit a continuance.
N.B. Millinery Work done in the neatest manner.
Commissions carefully attended to.

DESERVED
From a Recruiting Party of the 76th Regiment, at
Edinburgh.

ANGUS M'MILLAN, by trade a Pi-
per, born in Inverness parish; who, two days after,
inlisted into the 75th regiment by the name of Angus Mac-
Lean, which is believed to be his real name; aged 25 years,
5 feet 8 inches high, fresh complexion, black hair, grey eyes.
He had on a marled white coat. Marked with a red ribbon.

Whoever will apprehend the said Defecter, so as he may
be lodged in one of His Majesty's goals, shall receive ONE
GUINEA over and above what is allowed by act of Parlia-
ment, by applying to the Agent of the regiment at London,
or to Mr Ramsay, at the Excise Office, Edinburgh.

P. KEIR'S PATENT LAMPS.

OF so much importance has Argand's discovery of burning
oil without smoke, and thereby increasing the light
beyond precedent, been considered, that Lamps are now,
particularly in England, so completely adopted, that all o-
ther lights are gradually giving place to that excellent con-
trivance.

The Lamps, however, to which Argand's principle has
been applied, are subject to many inconveniences, being ei-
ther constructed with a fountain, so as to have the supply of
oil above the burner, or, in perpendicular lamps, to have a
large body of oil near the flame, as a supply for the con-
sumption. The inconveniences of the fountain are obvious,
being invariably subject to overflow from the expansion of
air in the flame, and when the room or apartment where
they are placed becomes warm, and their burning the coarse
and earthy particles of the oil, before the finer parts can
reach the flame, of consequence a crust gathers about the
wick, which diminishes and obscures the light, and makes it
necessary to trim it frequently, which, in many cases, ren-
ders the Lamp very inconvenient. The perpendicular Lamp is
still more limited, so large a body near the flame causing so
great a shade, as renders it almost useless. In consideration
of these, and other capital defects in Argand's Lamp, P.
KEIR, after much study, has invented a Lamp, for which
he has obtained His Majesty's Patent, which bids fair to an-
swer every purpose to which Lamps can be applied.

It is so constructed, that the flame is placed at a consid-
erable degree of elevation above the body of the Lamp, so as to
remove the inconvenience of the great shade peculiar to per-
pendicular Lamps. At the same time, it supplies the con-
sumption in the flame abundance as a fountain.

It has the quality also of burning the finer particles of the
oil, and thereby continuing the brilliancy of the flame, is not
subject to overflow, nor apt to go out of repair, and is so
cleanly, that it may be used with the same freedom as a can-
dle, without danger.

These Lamps are manufactured, and are now selling, by
appointment of the Patentee, at the shop of Mrs M'Queen,
tin-plate worker in Edinburgh, and no where else in Scot-
land, with a label affixed, "P. Keir, by His Majesty's Pa-
tent."

At LONDON for LEITH, directly,
The Leith Packet,
JOHN THOMSON Master.
Is taking in goods for Edinburgh,
and places adjacent, to sail on Thurs-
day the 10th December instant,
wind and weather serving.
Has good accommodation for
passengers.

The matter to be spoke with at Change, or at the Edin-
burgh Coffeehouse, Threadneedle Street, mornings and even-
ings on board, or Hawley and Downe, or David Thomson
for the matter.

FOR BOURDEAUX,
And to return to Leith direct,
THE BRIG THOMAS,
PETER CRUICK Master.
Will sail the 14th December.
For freight or passage apply to
the Master on board, or at his
house, Coal-hill, Leith.

N.B. The above ship is of a
proper size to take in brandies.
Leith Dec. 6, 1787.

This day are published,
By ELPHINSTON BALFOUR,
And the other Booksellers in Edinburgh;

AND BY
Dunlop and Wilson, and James Duncan, Glasgow; Alexan-
der Angus and Son, Aberdeen; James Mack, and Robert
Nicoll, Dundee; and R. Morrison and Son, Perth;

THE FOLLOWING BOOKS:

I. FORMS OF WRITINGS used in SCOTLAND in the
most common Cases, with the Principles of the Law con-
nected therewith, and a Table of Stamp Duties. Also, the
Form of Summary Application to Judges, in a variety
of Cases, with observations on the form of proceedings be-
fore Inferior Courts; to which is added, a Table of Fees,
in a manner so plain and simple, as not to require any pre-
vious practice in the law. Second Edition, price bound 6 s.
II. SUPPLEMENT TO FORMS OF WRITINGS used in
Scotland in the most common Cases, in so far as relates to
Movables or Personal Rights and Securities, with the
principles of the law connected therewith, in a manner so
plain and simple, as not to require any previous practice
of the law for using them; to which is added an Appen-
dix, containing Notarial Instruments, connected with Forms
of Writings and Supplement thereto, and a few others
including Instruments of Protections upon Bills, Instruments
of Seisin upon Feu Contracts, &c. and all or most of the
Latter Instruments.—Price bound 5 s. 6 d.

III. A COMPLETE SYSTEM OF CONVEYANCES of
and Securities upon Lands, or of Heritable Rights, accord-
ing to the present practice of Scotland, upon a new plan,
in which the names of the clauses are marked in the mar-
gin, and the Instruments of Seisin and Resignation con-
nected with each table annexed at the end of it.—Large
Octavo, price bound 2 s.

The above by ANTHONY MACMILLAN.
Where also may be had, just Published,
The Elements of Euclid, by Robert Simpson; 7th Edition,
price bound 6 s.
Gregory's Practical Geometry, price bound 2 s.

Capongate Dancing School.

J. HENDERSON respectfully informs the Public, That
he has lately opened a School, in that elegant and well-situated
Hall belonging to the Hammermen, Morocco's Close, Capon-
gate, where he teaches MINUETS, COTILLONS,
ALEMANS, &c. after the most approved method, and on
moderate terms.—Having long practised this polite accom-
plishment, and taught in many respectable families, he flatters
himself, that, though unacquainted in this city, he will now
meet with suitable encouragement.

Hours of teaching at present, from twelve to two forenoon,
and from four to six afternoon.

He also teaches the VIOLIN and GUITAR, Land-
scape and Flower DRAWING; and tunes Musical Instru-
ments.

Ladies and Gentlemen may be taught at their Lodgings.
N.B. Cards for him, left at Mr Durdow's Watchmaker,
head of the Capongate, will be punctually attended to.

INTIMATION.

THAT the COMPANY which has subscribed for some
time past, under the name of WILLIAM WATSON
wright at Edinburgh being no longer a partner thereof, but
is to carry on the business for his own behoof.
The said William Watson requests that those who may be
indebted to the said Company will make payment to him
immediately, as he is authorised to uplift and discharge the
same, and all who have claims on said Company will make
application to William Watson accordingly.
Manchester, December 10, 1787.

FOR LONDON.

THE DILIGENCE.

PHILIP BUTLER Master.

Now lying on the birth in Leith
harbour, taking in goods, and will
sail on the 10th day of December
instant.

This ship has excellent accom-
modation for passengers.

For freight or passage, apply to the Master at the ship, or
to Andrew Calkins, at the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh,
or at his house in Leith.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH.

Margaret & Elizabeth,

JOHN HUNTER Master.
Is now lying at Millar's Wharf, tak-
ing in goods for Leith, Edinburgh,
and all places adjacent, and sails the
10th current, to be depended on.

The Master to be spoke with
mornings and evenings on board the
vessel; at the Edinburgh Coffeehouse, Change hours; or Mr
Millar at the Wharf.

The Margaret and Elizabeth is a fine new vessel, built on
purpose for the trade, sails remarkably fast, and has excel-
lent accommodations for passengers.

FOR ST VINCENT.

THE KINGSTON,

JOHN TARBERT Master.

To sail on the 11th of December.

For GRENADA,

THE FAME,

JAMES LEITCH Master.

To sail on the 10th of December.

These Ships are now lying at Greenock, and have the
best accommodation for passengers, who may please apply to
Malcolm Ritchie, and Leith in Greenock, or to Alexan-
der Houston and Co. Glasgow.
November 13, 1787.

FOR KINGSTON—JAMAICA.

The New Sloop LEITH,

PETER ANGUS Master.

To sail the 1st of January.—Will
take a few tons of goods on freight
And for SAVANNAH-LA-MAR,
And MONTEGO BAY,

JAMAICA.

THE BRIG KATHARINE,

ANDREW MASON Master.

300 Tons burthen, is ready to take in goods, and will sail
the 1st of February next.

For freight and passage, apply to William Sibbald and
Company, merchants, Leith.

Genuine Old Jamaica Rum, or any quantity above two
gallons;—and a large assortment of Jamaica Mahogany, to
be sold as above.

Royal Bank, Edinburgh, December 12, 1787.

THE Court of Directors of the Royal
Bank of Scotland give notice, That the General
Court of Proprietors held the 27th ult. having declared a
Dividend on their Capital Stock for the half-year ending
Christmas next, the same will begin to be paid to the Pro-
prietors on Thursday the 10th day of January next, and so
to continue thereafter, at the usual hours of attendance at
the Bank. And, in order to settle the said Dividend, no
Transfer of Stock will be made from Thursday the 27th
current to Thursday the 10th January next, both inclu-
sive.
ARCHD. HOPE Secretary.

A MARE FOUND.

THAT a SMALL MARE was lately FOUND straying
in a park at Craglar, in the county of Stirling; and
application is made to the Sheriff of the county by the Pro-
curator, for filling her as a waif, if not immediately claimed, and
her property proved. Not to be repeated.
Stirling, Dec. 12, 1787.

THAT upon Monday morning the

10th current, owing to the great Spent of fresh wa-
ter in the harbour of Leith, a Raft of Dantzick Oak Plank
broke loose, consisting of from 80 to 90 planks, and was
drove out to sea. It is supposed that all or part of them may
be drove ashore upon the coast of Fife.—Should any of them
call up, it is entreated that they may be taken care of, and
sold for paying the expence, and behoof of the owner Peter
Crowden, Shipmaster in Leith, to whom the finders will please
to write, advising what ballance may remain in their hands,
after paying charges.

ROBERT JOHNSTON, JUN.

Front of the EXCHANGE,

HAS received a Fresh Supply of Teas

of approved qualities, at reduced prices.
Black Tea from 3s. } and upwards.
and upwards. } and upwards.
Those who take a quantity will have a proper discount.
Double and single refined Lump, Powder, and Lisbon SU-
GARS, at the sugar-house price.

ROBERT JOHNSTON'S LOTTERY

Is fixed for Monday the 24th December 1787, in Ma-
gallen Chapel, at ten o'clock, when it will positively take
place, and where all having interest may attend.

Those who chuse to be adventurers on this beneficial
scheme, where all are Prizes, and No Blanks, will apply
without delay. Tickets, at 20 s. and 5 s. each, to be had
at the above shop. Prizes delivered immediately after draw-
ing.

And as there are still a great quantity of more goods than
will satisfy the prizes in the Lottery, they continue to be
sold at the shop greatly below prime cost.

PROPOSED MANUFACTURES.

At a Meeting of the Gentlemen, Landholders, Mer-
chants, and others, lately held at the

The number of such for the establishment
of manufactures, and the great advantages both as to it and to
the undertakers, with which they can be there carried on,
from the cheapness of labour, and abundance of provisions,
&c. having been taken under consideration, it was UNANI-
MOUSLY RESOLVED,

To give every assistance, and to use every exertion for
the establishment of such as were suited to the country.—
And the meeting directed intimation to be made in the
newspapers, that such persons as were willing to settle in
Caithness, for the purposes of carrying on—the making and
bleaching of linnen—making of thread—course woollens—a
tannery—a soapery—a brewery—and the like; and are tho-
roughly versant in their different branches, will be informed
of persons that are willing to take a hearty concern in their
establishment, on applying to Mr James Horne, writer to
the signet, at Edinburgh.

N.B. Since the aforesaid meeting was held, a considerable
subscription has been made for carrying the above resolutions
into effect.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Ex-
change Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday 19th De-
cember next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

THAT Dwelling House, being the

fourth story of that large Tenement lately built by
Mr M'Connachie, in the Society of Edinburgh, consisting
of five rooms, two light closets, and a kitchen, cellar fitted
up with catacombs, fourth part of an office house and a gar-
ret, with the use of a water pipe in the floor, in common with
the other proprietors, all as lately possessed by Mr David
Ruffell, accountant, at the yearly rent of 30 l. and presently by
Captain John Stewart of East Craigs.

The premises can be seen in the forenoon any lawful day,
by applying at the house; and the articles of roup and con-
ditions of sale, are in the hands of James Gentle, writer,
Smith's Land, Edinburgh, who has power to conclude a pri-
vate bargain.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Ex-
change Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday 19th De-
cember next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

One Sixteenth Share of the

fortunate Ship STAR, and also ONE SIX-
TEENTH SHARE of the Ship DIANA,
burden 143 tons or thereby, with a propor-
tional part of their Furniture, &c. both tra-
ders between Leith and London.
The articles and conditions of sale to be seen in the hands
to James Gentle, writer, Smith's Land, Edinburgh.

Roup of the Ship Mathison

OF MONTROSE.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the house
of Mrs Driver, vintner in Montrose, upon Friday
the 4th of January 1788, betwixt the hours of three and
four afternoon,

The Brigantine MATHISON,

Alexander Jolly Master.

With her whole Furniture and Appa-
reling, as she is presently lies in
the harbour of Montrose.—The
vessel's burden is about 160 tons
dead weight.—She was built at
Montrose, and is of excellent ma-
terials, and well found, and last
year got a thorough repair of her
upperworks.

The inventory of the ship, and the articles and condi-
tions of roup, are to be seen in the hands of William Baillie,
writer in Montrose, who has power to treat with any person
liking to make a private bargain.

At the Court at St James's, the 5th of December, 1787.

P R E S E N T,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HIS Majesty having been pleased to appoint his Grace Henry Duke of Beaufort to be Lord Lieutenant of the county of Leicester, his Grace this day took the oaths appointed to be taken thereupon; instead of the oaths of allegiance and supremacy.

At the Court at St James's, the 7th of December, 1787.

P R E S E N T,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Reverend Father in God, Beilby Lord Bishop of London, was, by his Majesty's command, sworn of his Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

Whitehall, Dec. 8.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Right Reverend Father in God Beilby, Bishop Elect of London, to be Dean of his Majesty's Chapels Royal.

The King has been pleased to grant to the Rev. Benjamin Blayney the office of Hebrew Professor in the University of Oxford, with the prebend of Christ Church annexed, void by the death of the Rev. Doctor George Jubb.

The King has been pleased to present the Rev. John Wollcock to the united Rectories of St Austin and St Faith, in the city and diocese of London, void by the promotion of the Right Rev. Doctor John Douglas to the See of Carlisle.

The King has also been pleased to present the Rev. Robert Sheppard to the church and parish of Daviot, in the presbytery of Garrioch and county of Aberdeen, vacant by the death of the Rev. James Chalmers.

The King has also been pleased to present the Rev. George Barry to the church and parish of Glenbuckler, in the presbytery of Alford and county of Aberdeen, vacant by the promotion of the Rev. Mr Douglas.

Gloucester-House, Dec. 5.

This day his Excellency the Marquis Del Campo, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from Spain;

Monf. Le Baron de Nolcken, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from Sweden;

And Monf. Barthelemy, Minister Plenipotentiary from France—had private audiences of his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland:

To which they were respectively introduced by Sir Clement Cotterell Dormer, Knight, Master of the Ceremonies.

War-Office, Dec. 8. 1787.

4th Regiment of dragoons, Cornet Bohun Shore is appointed to be Lieutenant, vice Robert Douglas. George Peter Hutchinson, Gent. to be Cornet, vice Bohun Shore.

22d Regiment of foot, Hon. Ensign Alexander Douglas to be Lieutenant, vice Henry Strachey Amiel. Robert Hunter, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Alexander Douglas.

50th Regiment of foot, Charles Lewis, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Donald Macdonald. Edmund Fawcett, Gent. to be Ensign, vice John Macgregor.

66th Regiment of foot, William Hobart Seymour, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Edmund Reilly Cope. James Law, Gent. to be Ensign, vice William Johnston.

M A I L S.

Arrived—London, 3—France, 1.
Due—London, 1—Holland, 1—Flanders, 1.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

FRIDAY, Dec. 7.

POOR.

Mr Gilbert gave notice, that as the attendance on Monday would in all probability be pretty numerous, he should beg the attention of the House for about five minutes, as he wished to state some particulars respecting their notice respecting the Poor, in order that gentlemen might revolve them in their minds during the recess, and by that means be prepared, when the House met again, to decide upon some effectual measures for their better provision and establishment in future.

Mr Morton, from the East India Company, attending, presented several extracts of letters, pursuant to an order of that House of the 6th instant.

Mr Fullarton took the oaths and his seat.

Mr Rose presented the malt bill and the land tax bill, which were read a first time.

Mr Stephens presented the marine mutiny bill, which was read a first time.

The order of the day was read for the House to resolve itself into a Committee of supply.

Eight accounts were ordered to be referred to the said Committee.

Mr Gilbert went to the table, and, after some time, reported, that the Committee had come to several resolutions, and which are as follow:—

175,407 l. 5 s. 11 d. for expenses incurred by augmenting the naval forces.

59,878 l. 4 s. for expenses incurred at the War-Office.

18,306 l. to make good the money issued from his Majesty's Civil List revenues, for services abroad since the 5th of January 1787.

20,000 l. to make good money issued for carrying on and completing the works at Carlton-house.

60,000 l. to make good money issued for discharging the debts of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

101,000 l. in full for discharging the debts of his Royal Highness George Prince of Wales.

17,496 l. 14 s. 6 d. to make good money issued pursuant to addresses of last session.

The said resolutions are to be reported on Monday next.

The Committee of supply, and Committee of ways and means, are to sit on Monday next.

Mr Burke reported the replication to the answers of Warren Hastings, Esq; sent down to that House on Wednesday last from the House of Peers.

The replication declares the answers of Warren Hastings, Esq; to be founded in evasive insinuations, and gross misrepresentation of facts, with a view to give them a gloss and colouring totally false and unjust. Towards the conclusion of it, the Commons undertake to make good their charges, and pray the Lords, in their justice and equity, to bring the matter in issue to a trial as soon as they conveniently can, in order that the said Warren Hastings may be confined to an exemplary punishment for his various high crimes and misdemeanors, engaging to attend the trial, and support their impeachment in all its articles.

The House broke up at Five o'clock, and adjourned till Monday next.

FROM THE LONDON PAPERS, Dec. 10.

Paris, Dec. 3. As every word uttered by Majesty on a subject that is likely to become of importance will be recorded by historians, the reader will not be displeased to read the King of France's answer to the second petition of his Parliament of Paris, Nov. 26, 1787.

"When I held a sitting among you, Gentlemen, the Keeper of the Seals told you, by my order, that the more kindness I showed when I followed the inclinations of my heart, the more firmness I discovered when I thought I perceived any attempts to abuse that kindness.

"This might be a sufficient answer to your second petition; but I will condescend to add, that if I do not blame the interest you express for the detention of your two Magistrates, I disapprove, however, your exaggerating the circumstances and consequences of it. You seem to attribute the whole of this transaction to motives, which the free liberty in which I permitted you to express your opinions does not warrant.

"I am accountable to no person for the motives of my resolutions.

"It is time you should separate the particular case of those I have punished from the interest of my other subjects, and that of the laws.

"All my subjects are sensible, that the goodness of my heart is ever watchful for their happiness, and must acknowledge the effects of it, even in my acts of justice.

"Every individual is interested in the preservation of public order, and that order essentially depends on the support of my authority.

"If those I have charged to execute my orders have behaved in a manner contrary to my intentions, I will punish them; and if the place of confinement can any way be detrimental to the health of the two Magistrates, I will order them to be removed to more salutary spots; for the feelings of humanity are inseparable from my heart even in the execution of my justice.

"In regard to the Duke of Orleans's absence from the capital, and from my Court, I have nothing to add to what I have already said to my Parliament.

A D D R E S S

Of the PARLIAMENT to the KING.

On the Exile of the Duke of Orleans.

The public affliction has preceded your Parliament at the feet of the throne; the first Prince of your blood is exiled; two magistrates of your Parliament are imprisoned by your orders; the error of this august Prince, the crime of these two magistrates, is unknown to us. Can it have been a crime to speak the truth in the presence of your Majesty? to speak it with a respectful frankness which might merit your approbation? Your Majesty has come among us to demand our free suffrages; to give them on every occasion, is the right and duty of your Parliament, and the interest of your Majesty. He is come surrounded with our intelligence and our love.—It is true the Keeper of the Seals has expressed the sentiments of your Majesty; but the council we have given to you would no longer come from the sanctuary of justice, the asylum of the law, and the truth, but from the shade of terror and of silence. If the Duke d'Orleans is guilty, we are all so. It was worthy the first Prince of your blood to represent to your Majesty, that you was transforming a meeting of the Parliament into a bed of justice: his declaration has but announced our sentiments; his confidence has judged of ours; and, if by the effect of that concord, which nothing can destroy, between the wishes and the duty of your Parliament, the Duke of Orleans has shown a courage worthy his birth and rank, he has no less manifested a zeal necessary to your glory. In fact, Sire, strangers cannot conceive, posterity will not believe, that we could be exposed to any danger in telling your Majesty that truth, which you have demanded in person. Your presence is always accompanied with favour; must it henceforth produce fear and affliction? A bed of justice would be less terrible than a sitting of Parliament; the loyalty of your Majesty would suppress our voices, if our confidence, encouraged by yourself, was no longer the signal of our exile or imprisonment. And what imprisonment, Sire? Honour and humanity, as well as justice, tremble at it: the basest men have laid hands on the person of one of your magistrates; his house has been besieged, instruments of the police have driven away his family. It was by prayers and intreaties to them, that he was permitted to see his wife, his children, and his sisters, on his departure. They have forced him away without a servant; and that magistrate, who, on Monday, thought himself under the personal protection of your Majesty, is gone to a distant prison, unattended but by three men devoted to arbitrary power. The second of these magistrates seized by your orders, though treated in his own house less cruelly than the other, has nevertheless been constrained to depart with a fever, and threatened with an inflammatory disorder, to a place where life is a continual punishment. His dwelling is a rock; his prison beat by the waves of the sea; the air he

breathes is noxious; and, without knowing it, is signing the order of imprisonment, has, perhaps, signed that of his death. Thus are two magistrates treated, without any other known crime than that of having told the truth, which they owe to you, and which you demanded; two magistrates acting under the dictates of their conscience, their honour, their oaths; encouraged by your orders, your goodness, your looks—and depending with reason on the personal generosity of your Majesty. If exile is the recompence of the fidelity of the princes of your blood; if outrage and captivity threaten the ingenuousness of the first magistrates of the kingdom, we may ask ourselves with terror and grief, What will become of the laws, the public liberty, so nearly allied to our own; the national honour, and the manners of the French; those manners so mild, so necessary to be preserved for the common interest of the throne and of the people? Such designs, Sire, are not in your heart: Such examples are not the principles of your Majesty. They arise from another source. Your Parliament, Sire, most humbly beseeches your Majesty, by the interest of your glory, to remove those afflicting councils, to consult and listen only to your own heart; and then justice with humanity, encouraged by the return of the first Prince of your blood, and the release of your two magistrates, will begin to efface an example, which would end by the destruction of the laws, the degradation of magistracy, an universal discouragement, and the triumph of the enemies to the honour of the French.

L O N D O N, Dec. 10.

LORD GEORGE GORDON TURNED JEW. In consequence of instructions from Mr Justice Buller, Mr Macmanus, an active officer of Bow-street, proceeded to Birmingham, and on Friday last, between one and two o'clock in the afternoon, apprehended Lord George Gordon, for a contempt of the Court of King's Bench, the Judges of whom had found him guilty of being concerned in the publication of a libel.

Lord George Gordon has lived in the town of Birmingham since August last, unknown to every class of men but those of the Jewish religion, among whom he has passed his time in the greatest cordiality and friendship, having renounced the Christian faith, and adhering rigidly to the doctrine of the Hebrew church.

The ceremony of circumcision he is said to have undergone; and a total change of habits he has suffered, with a degree of conscious complacency and condescension, which nothing but a mental conviction could ever effect.

He appears with a beard of an extraordinary length, and the usual raiment of the Jews; and asserts, that it is a sin for any man to be seen differently. His observance of the culinary preparations is remarkable. He will touch nothing that is served according to the freedom of the Christian religion.

In the first interview between him and Macmanus, Lord George conducted himself, with the decorum of a gentleman, acknowledged that the officer of justice was not to blame in the discharge of his duty; but that he knew no authority by which he was enabled to harass him, or any other individual of his

who affirmed that his Lordship was Moses risen from the dead, in order to instruct them, and enlighten the whole world.

From every article of information, it appears, that his Lordship has officiated in a principal Synagogue in Birmingham, as a chief of the Levitical order; and his eloquence and persuasion have been certainly very conspicuous, as he receives little less than the adoration of the Hebrews. He is so strongly riveted to the new doctrine, that he declares no human power will ever make him renounce it; and his habits and long beard are affirmed to be indispensably necessary.

When Macmanus solicited his immediate departure from Birmingham, his Lordship said, that he could not comply with his request, the following day (Saturday) happening to be his Sabbath; and that if he was released for his departure, he must enforce it, because his conscience deemed it sinful to travel on the Sabbath. The officer then remarked, that, from the nature of his warrant, his Lordship might, if he pleased, give bail to any of his Majesty's justices of the Peace; consequently delay his departure till the expiration of the Sabbath. With this his Lordship immediately complied, and gave the security requisite. The Jews continued to surround him, and evinced the highest respect for his person and intellectual faculties.

He talked frequently of his apostacy; and entered into an explanation of the reasons which led him to embrace the Jewish Faith; remarking, that it was the greatest felicity of his life, and that he was alighted there were not more converts; bestowing warm encomiums on the elect, he observed, that the whole Commonwealth of the Jews consisted of two descriptions of men—Hebrews and Proselytes. He that was born an Hebrew either by the father or mother's side, was an Hebrew; but that he who was born of both was an "Hebrew of the Hebrews;" and such a person was St Paul, Phil. iii. 5. Continuing his observations, he recurred to the ancient regulations of the favoured nation by saying, that he who was born a Proselyte either by father or mother's side, was termed *Ben ger*, the son of a he-proselyte; or *Ben gera*, the son of a she-proselyte; but he who was by father and mother's side a proselyte, was termed *Bagbag*, that is, the son of he and the proselytes. These learned illustrations we have been favoured with by a clerical correspondent, who is very well acquainted with his Lordship, and who has visited him since his return to town.

The journey from Birmingham to London was performed with uncommon celerity. His Lordship and Macmanus travelled in a post-chaise and four, and avoided every unnecessary delay on the road.

His Lordship had a turkey and some other victuals dressed in the form of the Hebrews, which articles he carried with him; and mentioned, that those who

eat in any other manner than what has been preferred by the law of Moses, were an abomination.

As soon as he arrived in London, he was conveyed to Mr Justice Buller's, and from thence, very early yesterday morning, was conducted to the King's Bench Prison, where he now remains, visited and cared for by the most opulent and religious Jews of the kingdom. The disguise and oddity of his figure are so remarkable, as almost to defy the recollection of those who formerly knew his Lordship.

This day the House of Peers will meet pursuant to the last adjournment.

An Appeal stands for hearing this day in the House of Peers, being the first this session.

The Replication to the Answer of Warren Hastings, Esq; will be presented this day to the House of Peers by Mr Burke.

The orders for this day, in the House of Commons, are, the consideration of the Army Estimates and Ordnance; and a motion from Mr Gilbert respecting the Poor Laws.

The other public business consists in bringing up the Report of the Resolutions come to in the Committee of Supply on Friday last. The Land tax, Malt, and Marine Mutiny bills, to be read a second time.

The Committee of Supply, and Committee of Ways and Means, stand also for this day.

To-morrow Sir Gilbert Elliot's charge against Sir Elijah Impey, late Chief Justice in India.

The remaining days of the week are at present open.

Friday, the Purser of the Mars East Indiaman came to the East India-house with an account of the arrival of the above ship off the Isle of Wight from China. She sailed from St Helena the 2d of October, and left no ship there. In her voyage home from China she fell in with the following ships, viz. On the 11th ult. the Nancy, Hurry, from Liverpool to Charlestown, lat. 26. 27, long. 33. out 34 days. On the 24th ditto, the Hector, Ronaldson, from Bristol to Jamaica, lat. 36. long. 23. On the 25th, the Nancy, Keys, from London to Antigua, lat. 37. 55. long. 22. 30. all well.

The Admiral Hughes, from China, left the Mauritius on the 2d of August.

The Mars East Indiaman sailed on her outward-bound voyage the 26th of April 1786, so that she has been out little more than nineteen months.

A Dutch East Indiaman was lying at the Mauritius, dismasted, when the Mars arrived there; and

The Princess Sophia, a Danish East Indiaman, had also been obliged to put into the island of St Mary's to refit, having, with the former, suffered in the same gale as the Admiral Hughes.

The Barwell, Captain Welladvice, sailed from the Downs on her outward-bound voyage on Thursday last, on which day the Depford, Captain Gerard, for Bombay and China, arrived there.

PRICE OF STOCKS, Dec. 10.

Bank Stock, 1774 a 3.	India Bonds, 82 a 83 1/2.
New 4 per cent. 1777, 93 1/2.	South Sea Stock, —
5 per cent. Ann. 1785, shut.	Old S. S. Ann. —
3 per cent. red. 76 1/2 a 1.	New ditto, shut.
3 per cent. con. shut, 77 1/2	1 per cent. 1785, —
77 for the open.	New Navy and Victualling
3 per cent. 1786, —	Bills, —
Long Ann. 22 1/2.	Exch. Bills, —
30 Years Ann. 1778, 13 7/8.	Lottery Tickets, 16 l. 14 s.
India Stock, —	

EDINBURGH.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICIARY.

The trial of Peter Wishart, for the murder of his wife, as mentioned in our last, continued till eight o'clock in the evening. As this case was attended with very peculiar circumstances, we think ourselves called upon, for the satisfaction of the public, to lay before them a state of facts, as they came out in the course of the evidence upon the part of the prosecutor and of the pannel.

Kenneth Mackenzie, druggist, deposed, That about 12 o'clock noon of the day immediately preceding Mrs Wishart's death, he was called to attend her, which he accordingly did: That she was confined to her bed, was weak, restless, and a little feverish; but that she had rather a calid, than a fixed or proper fever: That her chief complaint seemed to be hysterical; and that he ordered for her 20 grs of laudanum, with an injection, which he thought would give her relief: That the complaint of him of the bad usage of her husband: She said he was once good to her, but now it was otherwise: That she seemed to be perfectly sensible when she said this, and in her right mind: That he was called upon again in the evening to visit her; but as he could not conveniently get out of his shop, it being Saturday night, which is generally the thirgell in the week, he ordered some more medicines, with an injunction to inform him as to their effects: Being interrogate by the defender's counsel, If hysterical complaints have not an effect on the mind? he answered, They undoubtedly had.

Helen Brown, spouse to Alexander Jamieson shoemaker, deposed, That she lives in the Flesh-market Close, in a house or floor immediately below Peter Wishart, in the same land: That the ceiling is not lathed or deaned, so that it is easy to hear in the one house what passes in the other: That betwixt 5 and 6 o'clock on Saturday morning, the deceased called on the deponent "for the love of God to come up:" That, when she came up, Mrs Wishart complained, that her husband had hurt her in the breast, and crushed her in the stomach, and had thrown water-gruel on her face and body: Her face seemed to be wet, and also the bed, with water-gruel: That she begged some meal from her to make water-gruel, for that she was afraid to drink what her husband had made: When she said this, she appeared perfectly sensible. At this time she staid only about ten minutes, but returned again the same day, betwixt 7 and 8 o'clock in the evening, when she found her husband with her: That the deponent begged the would get two men to fit up with her, as she was afraid of being murdered by her husband, or being a corpse before morning: That a chairman was accordingly procured to sit up with

her; upon which she deponent retired to her own house. At this time the deponent did not appear to be delirious. About 12 at night, however, the witness went up again, and found Mrs Withart as sensible as formerly. Soon after, she went home to her own house, leaving in the pannel's house himself, and three other men: the pannel being at that time in the kitchen making water-gruel for his wife: That about four o'clock next morning, she was awakened with the cry of "Murder! Murder! Guard! Guard!" Upon which she got up, and running up stairs, found Mrs Withart in her shirt, at the door, with a candlestick in her hand, which the deponent's husband (who had accompanied her to the pannel's house) endeavored to wrest from her; and upon their trying to prevent her from going out, Mrs Withart said, "For God's sake, let me run for my life! I will not hurt you!" She immediately ran up the clove to the Guard, and Withart, the husband, followed her to the clove head: That the witness soon after went to the Guard along with Katharine Hattie; and, on their going up the clove, they met the pannel returning home with a lather deal in his hand. Upon going into the Guard-house, they found the deceased sitting at the fire side. She had nothing on but her shift, a night-gown, and petticoat, but no shoes or stockings. Upon importing her to go home to her house, she said, "What would you have me go home to be murdered?" As she would not consent to return to her house, she was carried home by force by a party of the Guard. When she came to the clove head, she screamed much; and upon her being brought home, she would not go to bed, but sat down on the floor, grasping the leg of a chair. The pannel was then at home. At this time the deponent did not appear to be delirious: That when the deponent returned from the Guard, it might be betwixt four and five in the morning: The deponent left Thomas Frazer, one of the soldiers who accompanied the deponent from the Guard, in the pannel's house, and then went home to bed, where she had not been above an hour, when she heard a noise above her on the floor, as with a poker or tongs, or some such weighty thing, which waked her; at same time, water was running plentifully down from above. Mean time, she heard the deponent calling out, "O Peter! Peter! Hell is in your heart. Hell! Hell! Hell!" Silence then prevailed; only something very heavy was trailed along the floor, though it might have been the bed: The deponent did not get up instantly, being fatigued with being up the night before; but, about a quarter of an hour after, the deponent arose, and went up stairs to the pannel's house. Mean time, she heard the neighbours crying out, "What a pity Mrs Withart was brought out of the Guard, for she was now lying burnt on the floor and dead!" That upon the deponent's going into the pannel's house, she found the deponent's corpse lying at the back of the room door on the floor, covered with a blanket, with her right shoulder burnt, and her breasts also, as black as a brown bowl, and no body in the room with her; found a bed cover on the floor much burnt: That previous to her coming up stairs, she heard a noise, as if it had been the breaking of a bottle and a lozen in the window, the former of which she found at the window.

Flethmarket Clove, in the same stair with the pannel, and farther up the stair: That she was intimately acquainted with the deponent: That about twelve at night immediately preceding the death of Mrs Withart, she was in the deponent's house, and conversed with her, when she appeared to be very sensible: That the deponent begged the deponent most earnestly to sit up with her all night; for, "if the or some other persons were not to sit up with her all night, she would be a corpse ere to-morrow; and that they would all see." She then asked of the deponent to procure two chairmen, to go two messages, viz. to Mr Salter brewer, and Mr Haig distiller, for which she would give each of them five shillings. The deponent, at this time, seemed much agitated in mind. Upon messages so singular, in point of professed payment, the deponent and another woman asked the pannel to go himself for two chairmen: to which he replied, "Damn her! if she had two just now, she would be for having two more immediately after." Depones, That the pannel called to her about two on the Sunday morning, and asked her to bring down with her a Bible to read to her; to which she replied, "That she could not read with candle-light." Depones, That, a little after four o'clock, the deponent calling out, "Murder! Murder! Guard! Guard!" the deponent came down to Withart's house, his wife having immediately before run to the Guard, when the pannel desired the deponent to follow his wife, for she was in a brain-fever. She did so; and, soon after, met the pannel coming down the clove, with a piece of wood in his hand. Upon going to the Guard, she found the deponent, with Helen Brown, a former witness, with whom she concurred in every respect as to what passed in the Guard, and to the way and manner of carrying her home.

Mr Forest Dewar, surgeon, deponed, That upon Sunday the 26th August last, between the hours of eight and nine in the morning, he was called upon to inspect the body of the pannel's wife, who had died that morning. To him the body appeared to have been burnt in those parts which were in contact with her shirt, viz. breasts, back, and thighs. Being interrogate, Whether, upon anybody's being burnt in those parts, instantaneous death would generally follow? answered, That forty-nine cases out of fifty would never fail to be the case. Interrogate with regard to the reasons of this, answered, Because the parts so affected were near the seat of life; and when deprived of their usual functions, the person so affected must cease to exist.

Thomas Frazer, guard soldier, deponed, That about four o'clock on Sunday morning, 26th August last, the pannel's wife came into the City-Guard, crying dueller, because her husband had put her out of the house. She then complained of being in a fever, and sick. The deponent being acquainted with her husband, entreated her to go home, and he

would accompany her. This she refused; meaning, she stood at the guard fire, uttering a great deal of nonsense. The sergeant (John Paterfon) then on guard, was called for, who likewise endeavored to persuade her to go home, but to no effect; upon which he ordered the deponent and other two soldiers to carry her home, which they accordingly did. When at the head of the Flethmarket Clove, she screamed much, and said her husband would murder her. Upon going into the pannel's house, found him sitting quite composed in a chair; but immediately when he saw his wife, he came up to her, and kissed her, and begged she would go to bed. This she would not do, but sat down on the floor. The other soldiers went away; but as he was acquainted with the family, he was ordered by the sergeant to stay a little longer, and endeavour to get her put to bed, which was done, the pannel, and two women (former witnesses) assisting. Mean while the pannel went out, as he said, to light a candle, and in a little time returned with some candles. Upon which the deponent said, "What need is there for candles, as there is good day-light?" He accordingly drew the window curtains, when there appeared to be sufficient light in the room, it being then about five in the morning. That the deponent took hold of him repeatedly by the coat, and afterwards took off his hat, insisting that he would stay all night, for she was afraid, when he was gone, that Peter would do with her as he pleased. A little before he went away, he saw the pannel put off his shoes, which he threw with violence to the other side of the room, and put on a pair of new shoes. About half an hour after, he was told by a woman, that if he would go down to the pannel's house, he would see a sight. She gave no explanation. Upon going there, he found the woman a corpse lying on the floor, and observed a burnt stick lying opposite to the door in the clove; the bed was warm, but not burnt.

John Paterfon, sergeant in the City Guard, deponed to the circumstances mentioned by the last witness, so far as respected the deponent's being in the Guard, and carried home: That he then asked the pannel how he could be so cruel as to let his wife out in such a dress, and at such an hour in the morning? He gave no answer: That the deponent had on a white short gown, and a flannel petticoat.

Anne Chisholm, upon being called upon, begged that what was to be asked her, might be done in Gaelic, as she had very bad English. An interpreter was allowed. Mean time.

Donald Campbell, guard soldier, was called, and deponed, That the pannel came up to him on the Sunday morning at 7 o'clock, at the head of the Old Assembly Clove, and asked if he had seen his wife, for she had gone out of the house, and was mad.

Peter McGregor deponed, agreeable to the former witness, having been standing with him at the time.

Anne Chisholm being again called in, (Mr Peter M'Vicar interpreter) deponed, That she lives in the storey immediately above Peter Withart: That upon Sunday morning, between five and six o'clock, she was awakened with a great noise in the pannel's house of "Murder! Murder! Hell! Burning! Mercy on my soul!" That she knew it to be the deponent's voice, having been acquainted with her for a long time, and was in the clove; and upon entering the pannel's house, she met him at the door with a parcel of keys in his hand. She asked him, what was become of his wife? He said she was gone out, and was mad: On going in, however, she observed a good deal of smoke, which he said proceeded from the bed having taken fire. Upon going to the bed, she found no body there; but on looking round, saw the burnt body of the deponent lying on the floor with a blanket upon it. She then asked the pannel, "Poor man, what is the meaning of all this?" He answered, "I am a poor man indeed!" She then said, "Peter, where's your wife?" The pannel declared to her, that that was not Betty (his wife). Upon this the deponent examined the body again, and felt the same leg, which it seems the deponent had. The deponent then said she became exceedingly sick, and was obliged to go out of the pannel's house. [At this part of her evidence she fainted, and was carried out of Court.] Mean time.

Andrew Newton change-keeper was called, who deponed, That the pannel came to his house about five on the Sunday morning, and asked for a dram and a bottle of beer, which he drank there. Said, his wife was gone out mad with a brain fever, and had the keys with her.

Anne Chisholm being brought into Court again, further deponed, That a good deal of water was on the floor, but no part of the bed was wet, nor were the bed-clothes burnt, nor did she see any fire. That the deponent's short gown was all burnt but the arms: That the sheets of the bed were rolled together, and put under the deponent's head; but no part of the sheets so rolled up were burnt.

William Haggerston and James Dove, Town Officers, deponed to the declaration of the pannel before Bailie Walker, and that it was a voluntary declaration. (Here the proof for the prosecutor concluded.)

EXCULPATORY EVIDENCE.

Anne Begg (blind) depones, That she lived above the pannel's house; and that she went into his house at twelve o'clock the night preceding his wife's death: That the deponent at that time was sensible: That the deponent rose out of her bed, and sat down at the fire, while the pannel was making water-gruel for her. Here she narrated a variety of circumstances tending to show the pannel's attention to his wife: That, as the understood he had been sitting up with his wife the two nights bypast, and was become drowsy, she the deponent asked him to take a nap in the chair, and she would awake him, if his wife grew worse: That the deponent considered Mrs Withart as in a fever: That the deponent repeatedly grasped her by the two hands, and likewise held her by her teeth, insisting upon her to stay all night: That the deponent, as she thought, drew the lighted candle toward the bed. Immediately upon the deponent's getting loose from the deponent's hold

the deponent, previous to which she desired one of the neighbours who was then present, to fetch down her Bible, and read to the deponent. This her neighbour said she could not do, as she never read with candle light. Upon this the deponent repeated to the deponent the 1st, 6th, and 23d Psalms, and then left her, the pannel still sleeping in the chair.

James Greber depones, That he was in the pannel's house the night immediately preceding his wife's death: That she was in bed. Upon asking him how she was, he said she was far from being well, and seemed much concerned about her; That the pannel always seemed to be a quiet, peaceable, inoffensive man.

James Glas, clerk to Alexander Grant writer, depones, That he has known the pannel for several years. Saw his wife the evening before her death. That she asked him to write a letter to her sister in Perth, begging she would immediately come over, as she thought herself in a dying way, and she was the properest person to look after her: That he accordingly wrote the letter, and put it into the Post-office with his own hands: That she made no complaints against her husband: That, at her desire, he went to Mr McKenzie's druggist, and got a phial with medicine, a spoonful of which was to be given to her every three hours: The deponent gave her the first; but about an hour after, she desired another spoonful, which was refused. She still insisted, Upon which the pannel mixed a spoonful, most of it water, in order to deceive her, apprehensive that the medicine might hurt her: She, however, said, she had poisoned the medicine, and would not take it. The deponent mentioned a variety of particulars, tending to show, that the pannel did all in his power to recover his wife from her then illness: That he always found him to be an honest, quiet, good natured man, and that he never heard him and his wife quarrel, but when he got a little drunk: That the deponent was of a hot fiery temper, and spoke loud: That the pannel asked him to call at one John Grant's, Lawmarket, begging he would send down Mrs Grant to sit up with his wife all night: He went this message, but Mrs Grant having been indisposed herself, could not go. Mr Grant, however, did, and staid with him, and one Laing, in the pannel's house, for some hours. They went away about eleven o'clock. That the deponent thought the deponent delirious; and that she once said, she saw two devils fighting in the room.

John Grant deponed to the facts mentioned by the last witness, so far as regard himself and wife, and that he always considered the pannel as a very good-natured easy-tempered man.

Alexander Macglashan, chairman, deponed, That he was one of the chairmen sent for to go the messages to Mr Salter and Mr Finlay: That the deponent seemed to him to be out of her senses: That he was desired by people in the house not to go any of the messages, but to make a sham of doing so, in order to please the deponent.

Isaac Salter, brewer, depones, That he has had dealings for some years with the pannel, in the way of his business, and always found him an honest man: That, at the deponent's death, the pannel owed him 9l. 14s. 6d.

Hugh Reid deponed, That he was acquainted with the pannel for some years, and that he never saw any thing but peace and harmony between him and his wife: That he never heard the deponent complain of the pannel: That, during her illness, he showed great concern for her.

Mary Montgomery deponed, That she has been acquainted with the pannel since she was a child, and knew him both at home and abroad: That he was an honest, quiet, good-natured man: That he was uncommonly attentive to his wife, and that she never heard them quarrel. That the deponent spoke generally very loud, and had a very bad tongue.

Nelly Frazer deponed, That she has, for some time, been acquainted with the pannel, and that she ever found him a quiet peaceable man, and very attentive to his wife.

Another witness, sister to the last deponent pretty much in the same terms.

(Here the exculpatory proof concluded.)

The evidence was then summed up in a concise and masterly manner by the Lord Advocate on the part of the Crown, and by Mr Wight, with the same brevity, and masterly ability, on the part of the pannel. After which the Jury were addressed at great length by the Lord Justice Clerk, who went over the whole evidence with great candour, humanity, and impartiality. The Jury were employed at eight o'clock in the evening; and yesterday, at two o'clock, returned their verdict.

Finding, by a very great plurality of voices, the libel not proven. Whereupon the prisoner was acquitted, and dismissed from the bar, after receiving a very suitable and pathetic exhortation from the Lord Justice Clerk.

Mr Claude Inglis, merchant in Edinburgh, died here the 10th instant.

Died at Crauforddyke, on the 2d current, in the 78th year of his age, Mr James Wilson merchant, and formerly one of the Magistrates of Greenock.

On Saturday last, Mr Robert Edmund, student in divinity, died at Glasgow.

On Thursday last, the Gentlemen who receive instructions at Mr Ferdinand's Fencing Academy in this city, made a public assault in the Middle Lodge, for the prize of a Broad Sword. The best of six thrusts determined the victory. After several assaults, the prizewas determined by the judges in favour of Mr Charles Theodore D'Alti, of the Military Academy.

Monday morning, a little before one o'clock, one of the stables on out-houses lately built at the bank, to the South of St James's Square, fronting the road to Leith, suddenly fell down: luckily it was unfinished, and consequently unoccupied. This accident, it is supposed, was occasioned by the bank's being dug away considerably beyond the back of the house, and the space filled up with loose earth, which had swelled by the late heavy rains. The shock, as felt by the inhabitants of the neighbouring houses, was similar to an earthquake.

On Monday morning, 20th 1th instant, a smuggling cutter, which was bound to the Troon, near Ayr, containing her cargo, consisting of about 500 ankers of brandy, and 100 mts of tobacco, struck upon some rocks to the South of Turnbury, and within a few miles of Girvan, when Mr Dowie, commander of a schooner in the service of the Customs, went on board, and seized her, and the greatest part of her cargo, there having been only 2 or 3 boats load of goods landed out of her before the arrival of Mr Dowie. It is supposed the cutter will go to pieces upon the rocks. This seizure is a loss to the Troon smugglers of about two thousand pounds sterling, including the value of the cutter; and they lately met with another severe stroke by the seizure of a cutter and her cargo, by Captain Crawford, in the act of smuggling at the Troon. The Ladyburn smugglers have also, within these ten or twelve days, had great quantities of goods belonging to them, seized by the said Mr Dowie and other officers upon that coast.

On Friday last his Majesty's pardon, on condition of transportation for life, arrived at Aberdeen for John Paul, condemned at last Circuit.

Tuesday night, while a gentleman was writing in his back shop, in the Saltmarket, Glasgow, some recruits helped a young boy over the half door of the fore shop, whom they had previously advised to go round the counter to the cash drawer, and to give them out what money he could find, which he accordingly did; but while his companions were bringing him over the door again, he was detected, and they made their escape. Same night two recruits, while pretending to purchase some nuts from an old woman who usually sold sweet-meats at the head of the above street, ran off with a gill-measure, which was standing ready filled; the woman immediately ran after them, when one of the villains struck her on the head with a stick, which made her fall lifeless to the ground.

THE LEITH ASSEMBLIES for the commencement on Tuesday next, the 18th current. Ladies are requested to be in the Ball Room by half past six, as the Dancing is to begin at that hour.

Extract of a letter from Glasgow, Dec. 10.

"Yesterday we were visited by a great fall of rain, accompanied by a little snow. In the evening it abated; but about eight o'clock at night a dreadful torrent again commenced, and continued, without intermission, till about six o'clock this morning; during which time the Clyde had overflowed its banks, and swelled to such a degree that the whole of the Leith Green, Bridgegate-street, and a good part of the Saltmarket, King's street, &c. &c. were laid under water, to the depth, in some places of these streets, of three or four feet. The most of the inhabitants of the ground floors in the Bridgegate were obliged to abandon them about one or two o'clock in the morning; others who had remained till the waters had increased in such a manner as made it impossible for them to get safe out without assistance, were conveyed from their houses by a boat, which, though pretty large, was easily navigated in any part of the Bridgegate. Owing to the rain's having ceased, the flood is now considerably abated, but not so much as to allow the inhabitants to return to their houses. We hear of no lives being lost."

Extract of a letter from Grenada, Dec. 10.

"This day, at noon, died, at the Government-house, the Hon. William Lucas, Esq; President of his Majesty's Council, and Commander in Chief in and over the island of Grenada, &c. &c. much regretted. The Hon. Samuel Williams, Esq; being the oldest Counsellor, succeeds the late President in his honourable and important office."

REPORT of the Quantities of Meal brought into the Meal Market of Edinburgh, with the Prices at which it sold, Dec. 11. 1787.

	Lothian oat-meal,	130	bolls.
South Country ditto,	260		
	5	d.	
Best Lothian oat-meal sold at	13	0	
Second ditto,	14	3	
Third ditto,	13	9	per boll.
Best South Country ditto,	13	6	
Second ditto,	13	0	
Third ditto,	13	0	
Best meal sold by retail at	1	0	
Second ditto,	0	11	per peck.
Third ditto,	0	10	

Thermometer and Barometer since our last:

	Ther.	Bar.
Monday, Dec. 10. 8 o'clock, P. M.	56	29.13
Tuesday, — 11. 3 — A. M.	54	29.10
— 8 — P. M.	56	29.81
Wednesday, — 12. 8 — A. M.	50	29.80
— 8 — P. M.	41	29.13
Thursday, — 13. 8 — A. M.	39	29.45

ARRIVED AT LEITH.

Dec. 10. Jean, Mercer, from St Lucia, with wine & fruit.

11. Jeanie, Hutton, from Gottenburgh, deals and iron.

Jean/Bett, from Memel, with wood.

Adventurer, Lumsdane, from Peterburgh, with goods.

13. Stac, Campbell, from London, with goods.

Concord, Wilson, from Riga, with ditto.

LANDS OF MONKLAND.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, on Wednesday 30th January. 1788, between the hours of five and six afternoon.

THE Lands and Estate of MONKLAND, with the Superiorities thereto belonging. The property-lands consists of above 440 Scots acres, of which about 388 acres are arable, 54 natural wood and planting, and 5 acres mofs; all lying contiguous in the parishes of East and Old Monkland and Bothwell. There is a commodious mansion-house upon the estate, in good repair, with suitable offices, fit to accommodate a large family. The house is pleasantly situated on the banks of North Calder, 31 miles distant from Edinburgh, 12 from Glasgow, 7 from Hamilton, and 2 from Airdrie; to all which there are good turnpike roads. This last is a flourishing village, where the neighbouring families can be supplied with every necessity.

The nett rent, after deduction of public burdens, is above 385 l. Sterling, exclusive of the wood, planting, and coal. The lands hold mostly of the Crown, and afford a freehold qualification in the county.

The coal in this estate is of great importance, as there are five different seams of it running through the whole of one of which is ten feet thick, and is within eight fathoms of the surface. The coal in the feus is likewise reserved to the superior.

The rental, title-deeds, and plan of the lands, are in the hands of Daniel Hamilton, clerk to the signet, Windybank, who has power to conclude a private bargain; to whom, or to the proprietor, or his overseer at Monkhouse, any person willing for further information may apply.

SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED THE SOUND,
Nov. 23. Echo of Newcastle, Tyfack, from Memel, for Aberdeen, with hulk.
Margaret of Leith, Turnbull, from Riga, for Leith, with hulk.
P. S. Captain Turnbull of the brig Margarets of Leith, mentioned in our last as being ashore in the Grounds, arrived here on the 21st inst. and informed us, that his vessel has met with no apparent damage by this accident. She was got off without any assistance from the shore, and proceeded on her voyage to Leith yesterday morning. W. & H.
Arrived and Remains in the Sound and Wind.
Nov. 27. Duke of Athol of Borrowstowness, Hart, from St. Petersburg, for Borrowstowness, with hulk, &c.
Peggy of ditto, Octonachar, from ditto, for ditto, with hulk and iron.
Sisters of Grangemouth, Matson, from ditto, hemp and iron.
Elbow, Nov. 27. 1787.—Wind Westerly.

WOOD AND HOWDEN.
P. S. The above mentioned Captains bring accounts, that the following ships failed with them from St. Petersburg on the 12th inst. and may be hourly expected, viz.
The Bell of Leith, John Anderson.
Fanny of Greenock, Charles Livingstone.
Virginia of ditto, Edward Scott.
Amiable Judy of Arbroath, James Kenney.
Dec of Anstruther, Robert Taylor.
Adventure of Leith, James Lumfaine.
Fermar of Dundee, James Syme.
The James and David, James Mudie, remains at Cronstadt, and had not got his cargo on board.

ARRIVED AT GREENOCK.
Dec. 7. Ruby, Robertson, from St. Ubes, salt.
Samuel, Jamieson, from Liverpool, haves.
Dunstaff, Smith, from Dublin, beef, &c.
8. Betty, Ker, from Drogheda, meal, &c.
10. Venus, Cross, from ———, with salt.
Peggy, Mackay, from Chelmer, with timber.
Penelope, Ramfay, from St. Ubes, with salt.
Friends, Macpherson, from Ballochulish, with salt.
Hopewell, Dron, from Drogheda, with oats.
Mary, Campbell, from ditto, with meal.
11. Jane, Campbell, from Youghall, with oats.
Sharr, Macallum, from Drogheda, with oats.
Water, Munn, from Barnstable, with barley.

SAILED.
Jane, Lyon, for Dublin, goods.
Hinds, M'Alister, for ditto, ditto.
Favourite, Angus, for Sligo, ditto.
Nelly, Duncan, for Dublin, ditto.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS OF THOMAS PARKHILL,
Shoemaker in Ayr.
THAT the real and personal estate of the said Thomas Parkhill, having been sequestrated, under the late statute, his Creditors, agreeably to advertisements for that purpose, met at Ayr upon the 7th current, and made choice of Hugh Cowan, merchant in Ayr, to be interim factor on said estate, and appointed the Creditors to meet in the house of John Simpson, vintner at the Bridge-end of Ayr, upon the 11th day of January next, at twelve o'clock noon, in order to chuse a trustee or trustees thereon.
That upon the application of the said Hugh Cowan, the Sheriff-substitute of Ayrshire appointed the 19th and 26th days of December current, and 2d and 9th days of January next, for the examination of the bankrupt and his family, in the Sheriff-court of Ayr, in terms of the said statute.—Of which all concerned are hereby required to take notice.

NOTICE

THE Trustee for the Creditors of ADAM WATT, Merchant in Kells, hereby gives notice, That the fourth annual meeting of the said creditors, is to be held within the house of George Horfington, innkeeper in Kells, on Tuesday the 1st day of the month of January next, at twelve o'clock noon, when a full state of the bankrupt's affairs will be laid upon the meeting, together with a scheme of division of the recovered fund; and such creditors as are desirous to see the states previous to the meeting, may apply to the trustee, at his house in Kells, or to Thomas Potts, writer there, the agent.
THO. FAIR.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS OF WILLIAM ALLAN and CO.
Merchants in Glasgow, and of himself as an individual.
A PETITION having been presented to the Court of Session for the said William Allan and Company, and himself as an individual, with concurrence of four-fifths in number and value of the creditors, praying to be discharged of all debts contracted by them before the application for sequestration upon the 24th August 1785; the Lords appointed the same to be intimated on the wall, and in the Caledonian Mercury, and Evening Courant, of which this notice is hereby given to all concerned.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS OF JOHN HORN, Brewer in Gilmerton.
THAT in consequence of a sequestration of the real and personal estate of the said John Horn, under the late statute, his creditors met on the 10th December current, and made choice of Alexander Ferrie, writer in Edinburgh, to be interim factor on said estate; and appointed Wednesday the 9th day of January next, at twelve o'clock noon, for the general meeting of the said John Horn's creditors, within the house of Daniel Douglas, vintner in the Anchor Close of Edinburgh, in order to their chusing a trustee or trustees on said estate.—Of which intimation is hereby made.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS OF LEWIS GORDON of
Technurrie.
A Meeting of the creditors is to be held at twelve o'clock, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse at Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 2d day of January next, when and where the creditors will attend, in order to assent or dissent to the factor and a committee of the creditors entering into a submission of all claims and differences subsisting between the creditors and the deceased Mrs. Gordon, wife of the said Lewis Gordon, and her trustees and disponees. A great many of the creditors have already authorized the factor to enter into a submission; but as some of the creditors have not given their consent, it becomes necessary to call a meeting under the statute for special authority.—And as the whole effects of Mr. Gordon are now converted into cash, nothing prevents an immediate dividend, but an adjustment of the disputes between his creditors and the disponees of Mrs. Gordon, it is entreated that the creditors, or their doers properly authorized, will attend the meeting, and lodge their grounds of debt, with oaths of verity thereon, in the factor's hands, to prevent further delays in making out a scheme of division.

NOTICE

To the CREDITORS OF JAMES BLAIR senior, JAMES BLAIR junior, merchants, and ANDREW DUNCAN
baker in Glasgow.
As the Trustee for these Creditors proposes to make a dividend of the realized funds towards the end of January next, all persons who have claims upon Messrs. Blair and Duncan, either as individuals, or as copartners, under the firm of James Blair and Company, prior to the sequestration of their estate in October 1784, are desired to transmit the vouchers of said claims, with affidavits to the verity thereof, on or before the 4th of the said month of January, to Mr. Robert Armour, merchant in Glasgow, or James Mathie writer there, otherwise they will be excluded from the benefit of the dividend.

Second Notice—First Term.

IN the process of Sale and Ranking, at the instance of William Steel of Waygalethaw, with concurrence of his Majesty's Advocate, against the representative of the deceased WILLIAM SELKIRK, merchant in Lanark, and his creditors, the Lord Henderson, by his interlocutor, dated the 28th day of November 1787, appointed himself Ordinary to ranking of the creditors, and assigned the 14th day of February next to the whole creditors, to produce their claims, and diligences, competent to them respectively, against the bankrupt or his estate, and that for the FIRST TERM, with certification, as in a reduction, and imposition; and appointed this notice thereof, so as the same may come to the knowledge of all concerned.
O. M. KIRKPATRICK.

First Notice—Second Term.

IN the process of Ranking and Sale at the instance of Messrs. Thomson and Jack, Insurance-brokers in Glasgow, with concurrence of his Majesty's Advocate, against John McCole, late of Glasgow, afterwards at New-York, now in the West Indies or America, and his Creditors, the Lord Stonefield, Ordinary, by interlocutor of the 11th of July 1787, assigned the 17th day of January next for the whole creditors to produce all their claims, rights, and diligences competent to them respectively against the bankrupt or his estate, and whole vouchers thereof, and that for the second term; with certification, that what writs shall not be produced, shall be held as false and forged, so far as they may affect the bankrupt's estate, and the interest of the creditors therein, who have, or shall produce their rights and diligences affecting the same; and appointed this notice thereof, so as the same may come to the knowledge of all concerned.
H. S. STEVENSON.

A Farm to Let in the East of Fife.

TO be LET for nineteen years, and entered to at Martinmas 1788, NORTH QUARTER of KILRENNY, consisting of about 200 Scots acres of arable land, of a strong deep soil, lying close by and contiguous to the burghs of Kilrenny, Cellardykes and Anstruther.
Proposals may be directed to William Bethune, Esq. at Balfour by Leven, the proprietor, who will give every encouragement, by including or otherwise, to a substantial tenant.
The present tenant will show the farm, or James Landin at Kilrenny house.

FARMS TO LET.

TO be LET upon Grassums, and for such term of years as shall be agreed upon, and entered to at Whitunday 1788, the following FARMS, all lying in the county of Peebles, viz. Parish of STOBO.

Farms.	Possessors.	Rent.
EASTER HAPPEW.	James Gibson, L.	131 0 0
WESTER HAPPEW.	John Alexander,	158 0 0
Parish of NEWLANDS.		
NETHER DROCHIL.	Thomas Hay,	78 0 0
OVER DROCHIL.	Robert Symington,	43 0 0
Parish of PEEBLES.		
EDSTON.	{ Alex. Hordburgh,	190 0 0
	{ and John Salton,	
JEDDERFIELD.	David Grieco,	18 4 0
Parish of LYNE.		
LYNE and HALLYNE.	Alexander Gray,	94 4 0

Such persons as incline to become tacksmen of any of the above farms, will please give in their proposals to John Tait, writer to the signet, Park Place, Edinburgh; and none of the offers will be made public, excepting such as shall be accepted of.
N. B. The farms will be shown by John Hunter in Peebles, baron-officer of the estates.

PERTH-SHIRE.

TO be SOLD by auction, on Tuesday the 18th December 1787, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon, the Manor-house of Newton of Blair, and certain other Lands in the parishes of Blairgowrie, Alyth, Bendochy, Ratray, and Glenisla.

These lands will be exposed in whole or in the following Lots:
1^{mo}, The Lands of AUCHTERALYTH, in the parish of Alyth, consisting of about 308 acres of arable and pasture land, and a considerable oak-wood. There are many desirable situations for building on this farm, near the romantic banks of the Isla, and there is mill in the near neighbourhood.
2^{do}, Certain PARTS of the Barony of BAMFF, including the Lands of Creuchies in the parish of Blairgowrie, and the lands of Newton of Bamff, Fyall, Pittrely, Kinkedly, and Caldwell, with their pertinents, in the parish of Alyth. There are in this lot about 555 acres of arable land, and very extensive pasture of about 1388 acres.
3^{do}, The Lands of TULLIFERGUS and HILLOCK, in the parish of Bendochy, consisting of about 203 acres of arable land, and about 270 acres of pasture grounds.
4^{do}, MIDDLE DUMMIE, situated on the Erich, the banks of which are covered with natural wood, with the parishes of Mosend and Alnakh in the parish of Ratray, consisting of about 88 acres of arable land, with 145 acres of pasture-ground, and 24 acres of wood.
5th, The Lands and Barony of BLAIRGOWRIE, with the Manor-house of Newton of Blair, and village of Blairgowrie, including also the Lands of Mawes, with their pertinents. The premises consist of about 831 acres of arable land, and 1017 acres of pasture and moor grounds, with 241 acres of thriving young plantations, and 22 acres of copse wood ready for cutting; together also with the vice patronage of the Church of Blair, and the salmon-fishing of the Keath on the river Erich, which for some miles forms the eastern boundary of these estates, all lying in the said parish of Blairgowrie.
The situation of Newton is particularly desirable; it commands a beautiful view of Strathmore, and of the rivers Tay, Isla, and Erich, on the banks of which last there are natural woods, and many picturesque scenes. Every kind of sport may be had in great perfection.—There is a great quantity of game.—It is a good hunting country, and the rod fishing for salmon on the Erich is very remarkable.
There is a considerable tract of flat land along the river Erich, upon which an extensive manufacture, requiring great command of water, might be established, as an aqueduct could be brought off the river at a high level, and at a small expense; and there are several populous villages in the neighbourhood.—The house is a substantial old house, lately repaired; and, at a small expense, might be made commodious for a gentleman's family.
6th, The FOREST of ALYTH, with the property and superiority Lands thereto belonging, including the lands of Waterheall and Craighed, lying in the parish of Alyth; as also, the lands of Drumfries or Drumheads, lying in the parish of Glenisla, and shire of Forfar.
These lands consist of about 150 acres of arable land, and 989 of pasture grounds, besides the owner's interest as proprietor in and superior of the Forest of Alyth, containing between 5000 and 6000 acres of pasture, moor, and heath grounds abounding in game, and well adapted for sheep farms.
All the lands, except Lot I. hold of the Crown, and are let at very low rents.—Most of the farms are in a state of nature, and are capable of very great improvement, being all within the reach of mail, and lie about fifteen miles from Perth and Dundee, and about three miles from Cupar Angus, a good market, and a post town.
For particulars apply to Mr. Craigmole clerk to the signet, Nicolson's Square, in whose hands surveys and rent-rolls of the premises may be seen.
The Baron Officer at Blairgowrie will show the lands.

FOREST OF GLENARTNEY.

TO be LET by public roup, upon Friday the 8th day of February 1788, within the house of Archibald Buchanan vintner in Callender of Montith, for one season, and entered to at Whitunday next, That extensive well-known Grazing, called the FOREST of GLENARTNEY, lying within the parish of Comrie, and county of Perth. The roup will begin at twelve o'clock mid-day; and the articles of roup will be shown by David Robertson at Drummond castle, or by William Lumfaine clerk to the signet.

A FURNISHED HOUSE IN SELKIRKSHIRE.

THE House of Galashiels, consisting of dining room, drawing room, nine bed rooms, and several bed closets. The dining room and drawing room are each thirty feet in length by twenty feet in breadth. There are also a kitchen, laundry, cellars, washing house, brew-house, complete stables and coach house, servants room, and every other convenience.
The house is completely furnished; there is a large garden, surrounded with fruit walls, at a convenient distance from it; it stands most pleasantly situated upon the river Gala, about thirty miles from Edinburgh, near the town of Galashiels, where there is an excellent market. The country around is most conveniently situated for hunting, shooting, fishing, and every other country amusement.
The tenant's entry may be at Candlemas next, and he may have as much grass ground as he pleases.
For particulars apply to Archibald Tod, writer to the signet. The gardener will show the premises.

Lands in Fife to Sell.

TO be SOLD by Private Bargain, The Lands and Estate of STRATHAIRLY, lying in county of Fife; and as formerly advertised for public sale. Persons inclining to purchase may treat with the Proprietor at Edinburgh, Mr. William Macdonald, writer to the signet, or with Dr. Goodfry, physician in Leven.—If the purchaser shall incline, a considerable part of the price may remain in his hands upon proper security.

Sale of Lands in Perthshire.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 13th February 1788, between the hours of five and six afternoon, The Lands of EASTERTYRE, in the parish of Logie-rail, eight miles above Dundee, lying upon an easy slope facing the south, on the north bank of the river Tay, having a beautiful prospect thereof, and of the Strath a great way up, and down as far as Dundee.
There is a house consisting of five fire rooms and a kitchen, with good offices and farm-stead, and an excellent garden well stocked with fruit trees.
The arable lands are substantially inclosed with stone and hedge, and the soil allowed to be equal to the best in that country. Besides a bank of oak and a plantation of thriving fir, there is a good deal of other wood on the lands, some of it old, and fit for country uses.
The subjects hold of his Grace the Duke of Athol, for payment of 3 l. 19 s. 6 d. Sterling of feu-duty.
The present rent is 110 l. Sterling, and the tenants pay all public burdens, without any discount, except the feu-duty. The lease expires at Whitunday next, and a considerable rise of rent has been already offered.
The title-deeds and articles of roup are to be seen in the hands of James Hay, at Mr. Tod's, writer to the signet, George's Square, who will inform as to other particulars. The tenants will show the grounds.

SALE OF LANDS IN ROSS-SHIRE.
To be sold by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 18th day of December 1787, at five o'clock afternoon,

THE Lands and Estate of Grunard, comprehending the lands of Grunard properly so called, the Lands of Drumchork, Teanastin, Sand, Udrigill, Donnisferland, and others, with the Salmon and other Fishings, Grazings, Shealings, and other pertinents thereof, shire of Ross, either altogether, or in the following two lots or parcels, in the expoler's option.
These lands are held of a subject superior for payment of 5 l. Sterling of feu-duty, are of great extent, lie all contiguous, are commodiously situated for fishing, fowling and other sports, and have an extensive tract of sea coast, upon which and the adjacent grounds there are inexhaustible limestone quarries; and upon the shores, a considerable quantity of kelp hath, during these several years past, been manufactured. There are besides thielly land and sea ware for manure to be had on these shores in the greatest abundance, and on the lands the most ample sufficiency of the finest peat for fuel. Some of the farms are well adapted for pasturing sheep—Deer and all other kinds of Highland game, as well as shell and other fish of every species, are to be had there in the greatest profusion. The whole lands are very improvable, and yield at present a nett well-paid rent of 309 l. 18 s. 8 d. Sterl. subject only to a life-rent provision to the widow of the late proprietor, of 30 l. Sterling per ann.; for answering which, a capital sum, yielding an interest equivalent thereto, will be allowed to remain during her life in the purchaser's hands. In making up the rental, the customs and services are stated at the very lowest conversions, and on the expiry of the current leases, a very great increase of rent may with certainty be expected.
If these lands are exposed in lots, the following division is proposed, viz.

LOT I.—To consist of the lands of Teanastin, Aultbea, Badormie, Drumchork, Miln of Aultbea, half of the Salmon Fishings of Drumchork, Kelp rent of Teanastin and Drumchork, half of Sand, the first and second Coast, the third Coast, Little Grunard, and Bichenfash, together with the customs and services of the same, as per particulars in the rental, yielding of gross rent,
L.201 8 6
9 18 7 5-12ths
Nett rent, 1,191 9 10 7-12ths.
Teanastin, upon which there is a good new slated mansion-house and garden, is situated upon Loch Ewe, opposite to the island of Lewis; it is the fittest station for a post-office, and lies in the most commodious course for the packet. This is one of the most eligible situations which the Committee of Directors of the British Fishery went this year to survey; its safe anchorage for ships of the greatest burden, and its close vicinity to the great cod bank, independent of the herring fishery, which, in their season, is general on every part of the coasts of this estate, point out the great advantages of this particular spot.
And **LOT II.**—To consist of the Lands of Udrigill, Lehael, half of Sand, Mellan, Achagavrie, Shunavbar, and Drumminiv, together with the customs and services of the same, as per particulars in the rental, yielding of gross rent,
L.116 3 4
5 14 6 7-12ths.
Nett rent, L.110 8 9 5-12ths.
The mansion-house and offices of Udrigill are slated, and are every way complete, and fit for the accommodation of any private gentleman's family. The entry to the mansion-house and Mains of Udrigill, and the whole other grounds in the proprietor's natural possession, may be at Whitunday next, 1788, and to the Mains of Teanastin at the same term, if both lots are separately sold.
The title deeds, rental, and articles of roup, will be shown by George Andrew, writer in Edinburgh; to whom, or to the proprietor John Mackenzie, Esq. at Udrigill, by Dingwall, or George Gun Monro, Esq. at Poyntzfield, by Fortrose, any of whom hath power to conclude a private bargain; those intending to become purchasers, and their agents, who may be desirous of being informed of further particulars are requested to apply.

Sale of Wood in East-Lothian.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the house of John Brown, innkeeper at Gifford, upon Saturday the 15th instant, betwixt eleven and twelve o'clock noon, THAT valuable WOOD called SPEEDYWOOD, lying near the village of Gifford, consisting of a large quantity of fine full grown Oak, Ash, Elm, Birch, &c.
For further information, apply to John Hay, Esq. younger of Hopes.
The forrester at Yester will show the wood and boundaries thereof.

Lime Quarry to Let.

THE valuable LIME QUARRY of Laddeddie, in the parish of Ceres and county of Fife, to be LET for such a number of years as shall be agreed on, and entered to immediately.

This Quarry lies in the heart of an improving country, where there is a great demand, within three miles of the towns of Cupar, and one mile of Ceres. The Lime is of a superior quality, and gives as high a price as any in the county of Fife.
The tacksmen will be accommodated with seventy acres of good arable land.

Robert Anderson upon the ground will show the premises, and offers may be made to Colonel Thomson at Newton by Colinsburgh, or to Mr. George Anderson at Bennochy by Kirkaldy, who will inform as to particulars.

Lands near Berwick-upon-Tweed.

To be SOLD to the highest bidder, at the Red Lion in Berwick-upon-Tweed, on Monday the 4th day of February next, between the hours of four and five in the afternoon, in One Lot.

THE LANDS called NEW-WATERHAUGH, situated within the liberties of Berwick aforesaid, and let at the yearly rent of 150 l.
And the Lands called FAIRNEY-FLAT, situated also within the liberties of Berwick, and let at the yearly rent of 65 l.

Upon the lands of New-waterhaugh there is a mansion-house, fit for the accommodation of a gentleman's family, with a large garden, a chaise-house, a farm-house, and other suitable offices. This estate is beautifully situated on the banks of the rivers Tweed and Whittaker, and of a rich soil. The estates are well inclosed, and every way in good order. For further particulars, enquire of Mr. Willoby, Town-clerk of Berwick aforesaid.

Lands in Argyleshire.

TO be SOLD by public auction, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on the last Wednesday of February next, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon, The Lands of GARVACHY and ACHACHORK, either together or in two lots, as purchasers shall incline.

LOT I. The Lands of Achachork, comprehending the parishes of Tolycach and Longland; free rent, 56 l. 16 s. Sterling.

LOT II. The Lands of Garvachy and Roadside House, &c.; free rent 53 l. 4 s. 5 d. 2-raths Sterling.
These lands consist of 293 acres, mostly arable, and are conveniently situated for improvement, being within a mile of a lime quarry, at the same distance from the colliery of Drumlemon, and within three miles of the burgh of Campbeltown.
The title-deeds, with a plan, and the leases, will be shown by James Ferrier writer to the signet, who has power to sell by private bargain before the day of sale.

Good Lodgings and Shops in Stirling

FOR SALE.
To be SOLD by public roup, on Wednesday the 26th day of December 1787, at four o'clock afternoon, within the Coffeehouse of Stirling, and entered to at Whitunday next, Old Stile.

THAT Large TENEMENT high and laigh, back and fore, belonging to Duncan Glasford, surgeon in Stirling, situated on the fourth side of the high street, consisting of the Front Tenement of four stories, the Back House of three stories, six different cellars, with a large clove, well, middling road, and other pertinents, as possessed by himself and co-tenants.

The ground storey of the Front Tenement contains three good Shops, with back Shops. The second storey, a large dining room, a parlour, three bed rooms, a kitchen, with several closets. The third storey, a dining room, a parlour, three bed rooms, kitchen, closets; and the attic storey, being properly divided, consists of three rooms, a kitchen, closets, which has always been inhabited as a dwelling house. And the upper stories of the back house, which is 40 feet in length, and newly built, are presently occupied as a book-seller's ware-room. The present rent is above L. 54 Sterling, and there is a certainty of the rents rising considerably.
The front tenement underwent a complete repair within these few years.
These subjects, from their situation, should be a valuable purchase to merchants, and also to private families who wish for a good house in a pleasant town and country, as they can always set the shops, and what they do not need, to advantage. The title-deeds and articles of roup, are in the hands of Alexander Littlejohn, writer in Stirling.

LANDS.

In the Shires of Edinburgh and Selkirk.
TO be SOLD by public roup, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 4th day of December 1787, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon,

The Lands and Estate of BOWLAND, in the parish of Stow, and counties of Edinburgh and Selkirk.
This estate lies 27 miles south from Edinburgh, upon the great road leading to Carlisle, &c. It is agreeably situated upon the water of Gala, and within a few miles of several good market towns.

There is a commodious mansion-house upon the estate, with an excellent garden and orchard, a complete set of offices, and a well-fenced pigeon house. The parks around the house are extensive and well laid out, containing upwards of 270 acres, inclusive of about 71 acres of thriving plantings, with which they are subdivided in good taste. A considerable part of the wood is full grown; the whole already fit for being thinned, and old enough for most country uses.
The estate holds of the Crown, and affords two freehold qualifications, one in the shire of Edinburgh, and another in that of Selkirk.

For particulars, apply to Archibald Gibson, writer to the signet, who will show the rental, title-deeds, articles of roup, and a plan of the lands.
Thomas Watson at Corlie will show the grounds.

Sale by Adjournment.

TO be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Old Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 6th of March 1788, between the hours of five and six o'clock afternoon,

Those parts of the Lands and Barony of MOUNIE, called Pitblain, Newcraig, Pittinoun, White-myre, and Greenford, lying within two miles of Old Meldrum, in the parish of Daviot, and shire of Aberdeen. These lands lie contiguous, and contain from one thousand to twelve hundred Scots acres, all arable, besides moor, with which they are uncommonly well supplied. The present rent is about 260 l. Sterling, exclusive of a thriving plantation of near seven acres extent.

The lands hold of the Crown; and as much of the superiority will be given along with them as will entitle the purchaser to a vote in the county.
The articles of roup and title-deeds, with a rental, plan, and measurement, will be seen in the hands of John Mackenzie, writer to the signet, Edinburgh, who will also inform as to other particulars; and the lands will be shown by George Johnston, in Little Pittinoun.